United States Court of Appeals for the Second Circuit



APPENDIX

76-6087

UNITED STATES COURT OF APPEALS

FOR THE SECOND CIRCUIT

Docket No. 76-6087

JESSE B. STEPHENS, on behalf of himself and all other persons similarly situated,

Plaintiff-Appellant,

-against-

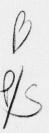
UNITED STATES OF AMERICA; UNITED STATES POSTAL SERVICE; E. THEODORE KLASSEN, in his capacity as Post-master General of the United States; UNITED STATES CIVIL SERVICE COM-MISSION; ROBERT E. HAMPTON, in his capacity as Chairman of the United States Civil Service Commission; and ELMER B. STAATS, in his capacity as Comptroller General of the United States.

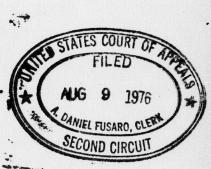
Defendants-Appellees.

ON APPEAL FROM THE UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT FOR THE SOUTHERN DISTRICT OF NEW YORK

JOINT APPENDIX

ROBERT B. FISKE, JR., United States Attorney For the Southern District of New York Attorney for the Defendants-Appellees One St. Andrews Plaza New York, New York 10007 (212) 791-1968 MICHAEL D. HAMPDEN Attorney for Plaintiff-Appellant The Legal Aid Society 1029 East 163rd Street Bronx, New York 10459 (212) 991-4600





PAGINATION AS IN ORIGINAL COPY

INDEX TO JOINT APPENDIX

Docket EntriesA-1
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JudgmentA-5
Exhibits 1-11B(separate from appendix)

CIVIL DOCKET

UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT

DOCKET ENTRIES

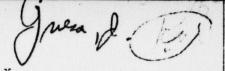
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DATE	PROCEEDINGS	D200
4		Judgme
	Filed Complaint, Issued Summons,	
April-	Filed Order appointing Clinton J. Thomas to serve a summons and complaint	1
	upon defts. Acting Clerk.	<u> </u>
pr23-73	Filed summons and affdyt of service by Clinton J. Thomas on deft	
1.	United States of America on 4-13-73.	
	Filed Affdyt in opposition to motion for determination of class action.	
118 Derr	s. memo of law in opposition to pltf. motion for determination of class action FiledANSWER to complaint by U.S.A.	AUS
c. 11-7	Filed stip. & order that pltff. may file and serve an amended complaint-Griesa, J.	
ec. 14-73	Filed amended complaint	
	Filed defts' ANSWER to amended complaint.	US
	Filed memorandum that pltff's motion for a class action treatment and for the	
	convening of a three-judge court is denied in all respects-So ordered Griesa, Jmailed notice.	
	Filed Stip & Order extending time for defts to answer or object to	
listing.		
	Filed defts answers to pltffs interrogs.	
	PRE-TRIAL CONFERENCE HELD BY GRIESA, J.	1
1-21-75	PRE-TRIAL CONFERENCE HELD BY GRIESA .I.	
11-06-76	BEFORE GRIFSA. J. non-Jury trial hegin.	
1-07-76	trial cont'd and concluded. Judge's decision for deft. U.S.A. (Judgment	
3 00 24	to be submitted by USA) Filed Judgment # 76,022 that deft. shall have judgment against the pltff. in	
े	the amount of \$87.00 lus costs to be taxed. GRIESA, J. Judgment entered-	1
	Ol-22-76 Clerk (m/n)	
03-15-7	Filed Judgment # 76,216 ordered that the Judgment previously	- ·
	entered on 1-22-76 is vacated and that the deft.U.S. Postal Servi	ce
能等。	shall have judgment against the pltff in the sum of \$87.00 plus	
	costs to be taxed. GRIESA, J. Judgment entered- 3-16-76 Cleri	(m/
4-06-76	Filed transcript of record of proceedings, dated 1-6, 1-7, 76	10 11
15-12-76	·	
15-12-70	Filed pltff's notice of appeal to USCA from the judgment entered on 3-15-76. Copy mailed to: U.S. Attorney, S.D. of N.Y. Ent. 5-12-76	· · · ·
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JESSE B. STEPHENS,

Plaintiff,

73 Civ. 1559 (TPG)

-against-

: STIPULATED FACTS

UNITED STATES OF AMERICA, et al.,

Defendants.

_____X

IT IS HEREBY STIPULATED AND AGREED, by and between the attorneys for the respective parties hereto, that the following facts are true and accurate although both parties reserve the right to adduce evidence in support of factual findings supplemental to those herein and reserve the right to object to the relevance or materiality of any fact agreed upon herein:

- 1. The plaintiff, Jesse B. Stephens, was continuously employed by the United States Post Office Department and its successor, the United States Postal Service, from January 24, 1948 through August 12, 1971.
- 2. On March 22, 1969, the plaintiff was arrested by postal inspectors and charged with embezzling a single test package prepared and placed into the mails by employees of the Post Office Department. This package initially came into the plaintiff's hands in the course of his official duties within the registry section of the 36th Street postal facility. New York, New York.

- 3. By letter dated March 25, 1969, the plaintiff was advised of proposed action to remove him from postal employment and to effect his suspension from such employment without pay pending his removal. The proposed suspension and removal were based upon a charge that on March 22, 1969, during the course of his employment the plaintiff had embezzled the test package mentioned in paragraph 2, above. A true copy of the letter of March 25, 1969 is annexed hereto as Exhibit 1.
- 4. By letters dated March 28, 1969, the plaintiff was advised of his suspension from postal employment without pay commencing March 31, 1969. True copies of these letters are annexed hereto as Exhibits 2 and 3.
- 5. On October 14, 1969, the plaintiff was indicted by a Federal grand jury and charged with embezzlement of the test package in violation of 18 U.S.C. §1709.
- 6. On January 8, 1971, the plaintiff was adjudged guilty of the embezzlement charged in the indictment and was sentenced to serve a term of six months' imprisonment. At the time of sentencing, the plaintiff was released on his own recognizance pending his appeal. A true copy of the judgment and commitment is annexed hereto as Exhibit 4.
- 7. On May 22, 1971, the plaintiff's conviction was affirmed by the Court of Appeals for the Second Circuit.
- 8. The plaintiff pursued and exhausted his administrative remedies within the Postal Service to challenge his suspension and proposed dismissal.

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SJW:jp 73-1231 n-569

- 9. By letter dated August 2, 1971, the plaintiff was advised by the Postal Service that the charge of embezzling the contents of the test package on March 22, 1969 was sustained as was the suspension pending disposition of the charge. A true copy of this letter is annexed hereto as Exhibit 5.
- 10. By letter dated August 6, 1971, the plaintiff was advised that his removal from postal employment would be effective August 12, 1971. A true copy of this letter is annexed hereto as Exhibit 6.
- 11. The plaintiff appealed the termination of his employment to the defendant Civil Service Commission.
- 12. After a hearing on January 17, 1972, the Civil Service Commission sustained the suspension and subsequent removal of the plaintiff from postal employment. Plaintiff was notified of this action by letter dated February 23, 1972. A true copy of this letter is annexed hereto as Exhibit 7.
- 13. The sole grounds of plaintiff's criminal conviction, his suspension from employment and his eventual dismissal was his embezzlement of the test parcel on March 22, 1969.
- 14. At the time of the termination of the plaintiff's employment on August 12, 1971, he was a postal career service employee in the title distribution window clerk, level 5, step 11, and as such his annual salary was \$7,898.00.

- was terminated on August 12, 1971 there had been deducted from his salary during his employment the sum of \$6,606.02, which sum had been deposited on his behalf in the Civil Service Retirement and Disability Fund. This sum, plus accrued interest in the amount of \$232.81, represented plaintiff's lump sum retirement credit in the Civil Service Retirement and Disability Fund as of January, 1972.
- 16. At the time of the termination of the plaintiff's employment, he had earned but not received payment of salary in the amount of \$240.00.
- 17. At the termination of plaintiff's employment he had a right to receive a sum representing payment for unused annual leave. The precise amount of the payment plaintiff was entitled to receive in this regard is in dispute between the parties but was not less than \$454.17.
- 18. The Postal Service has withheld from the plaintiff all payment of final salary referred to in paragraph 16 above and all of the lump sum in lieu of annual leave referred to in paragraph 17 above, and plaintiff has never had actual possession of these funds.
- plaintiff was notified that the Post Office Department attributed losses in the amount of \$8,425.46 to thefts allegedly committed by the plaintiff other than the theft of which he was subsequently convicted. By this letter the Post Office Department requested payment from the plaintiff of this amount and indicated that set-off of the Government's loss would be made against funds due the plaintiff from the government unless payment was received. A true copy of this letter is annexed hereto as Exhibit 8.

- 20. By letter dated November 17, 1969, Mr. Edward V. Morand, Esq., then counsel for Mr. Stephens, wrote to the Post Office Department requesting details of the losses referred to in the Post Office Department's demand letter of November 13, 1969, Exhibit 8. A true copy of this letter is annexed hereto as Exhibit 9.
- 21. By letter dated December 16, 1969, the Post Office Department replied to Mr. Morand's letter of November 17, 1969, Exhibit 9, offering him the opportunity to inspect the forms supporting the losses being charged to Mr. Stephens. A true copy of this letter is annexed hereto as Exhibit 10.
- 22. By letter dated January 21, 1970, Edward V.

 Morand advised the Post Office Department that he had
 reviewed the papers made available to him and found them
 inadequate to support the claim asserted against Mr. Stephens.

 A true copy of this letter is annexed hereto as Exhibit 11.
- 23. By notice dated August 6, 1971, plaintiff was notified by the Postal Service that it alleged that there were known governmental losses chargeable to him and that until further notice all monies due him would be withheld. A true copy of this letter is annexed hereto as Exhibit 12.
- 24. By letter to the Postal Service dated October 5, 1971, the plaintiff denied that the government had incurred any losses by reason of any misconduct by him, and protested the withholding of any monies from him. A true copy of this letter is annexed hereto as Exhibit 13.
- 25. On or about November 7, 1971, plaintiff, while serving his sentence for the theft of the test package, applied to the Civil Service Commission for payment of his lump sum retirement credit. A true copy of this application is annexed hereto as Exhibit 14.

- 26. Prior to November, 1971, the Postal Data Center, withheld payment of plaintiff's final salary and unused leave in the amount of \$694.17 and had requested the Civil Service Commission to set off funds covering the remaining amount of the claim, \$7,731.29. A true copy of the Postal Service request to the Civil Service Commission for set off is annexed hereto as Exhibit 15.
- 27. By notice dated January 14, 1972, plaintiff was notified by the Civil Service Commission that the Postal Service had advised it that he was indebted to the United States in the sum of \$7,731.29, and that at the Postal Service's request, the Civil Service Commission was withholding from him payment of his lump sum retirement credit of \$6,838.83. A true copy of this notice is annexed hereto as Exhibit 16.
- 28. On or about February 4, 1972, the Postal Service applied to plaintiff's claimed \$8,425.46 indebtedness to it, the sum of \$7,533.00, consisting of the following: \$240.00 of final salary, \$454.17 of unused leave and \$6,838.83 of the lump sum retirement credit otherwise due the plaintiff. The remainder of the claimed indebtedness, \$892.46, remains uncollected.
- 29. By letter of May 24, 1972, to the Postal Service, plaintiff's counsel requested notice of final determination of his claim for his terminal leave pay, retirement fund contributions and bonus of \$300.00 allegedly due him. A true copy of this letter is annexed hereto as Exhibit 17.
- 30. In response to the plaintiff's letter of May 24, 1972, Mr. William J. Cotter, Assistant Postmaster

General of the Postal Service, responded by letter of June 2, 1972, wherein he advised that the Postal Service had set off the amount of \$7,533.00 in funds otherwise due the plaintiff in satisfaction of the Postal Service losses allegedly caused by plaintiff's thefts. A true copy of this letter is annexed hereto as Exhibit 18.

- 31. By letter to the Civil Service Commission, dated November 3, 1972, plaintiff by his attorney requested that plaintiff's November 7, 1971, application to it for a lump sum retirement refund be considered withdrawn, and his right to an annuity re-instated. A true copy of this letter is annexed hereto as Exhibit 19.
- 32. By letter dated November 22, 1972, the Civil Service Commission denied plaintiff's November 3, 1972 application to withdraw his application for payment of his lump sum retirement credit. A true copy of this letter is annexed hereto as Exhibit 20.
- 33. By letter dated November 6, 1972, plaintiff's counsel requested that the Comptroller General of the United States annul the set off action taken by the Postal Service against the plaintiff and remand the matter for a hearing. A true copy of this letter is annexed hereto as Exhibit 21.
- 34. By letter dated February 22, 1973, the Postal Service responded to plaintiff's letter to the Comptroller General, asserting that the plaintiff was given sufficient notice of the law and facts upon which the Postal Service had based its set off. A True copy of this letter is annexed hereto as Exhibit 22.

35. No court action has been instituted by the Postal Service, Civil Service Commission or other United States governmental agency prior to defendant's answer in this action to establish the Postal Service claim that plaintiff is indebted to it.

Dated: New York, New York

January 28 , 1975

MICHAEL D. HAMPDEN Attorney for Plaintiff

THE LEGAL AID SOCIETY 1029 East 163rd Street Bronx, New York 10459 Tel.: (212) 991-4600

By: Con T. Tan F. FELDMAN Of Counsel

PAUL J. CURRAN
United States Attorney for
the Southern District of
New York
Attorney for Defendants

By: Samuel C. Wilson

SAMUEL J. WILSON Assistant United States

Attorney

Tel.: (212) 791-1971 /5 70

So ordened: April 3,1975

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US.D.J. 0

POST OFFICE DEPARTMENT POSTAL INSPECTOR

INSPECTOR
S. M. Jones

New York, N.Y. 10001

CASE NO. 105012-SD (P)

March 25, 1969

Mr. Jesse B. Stephens Apt. 1-D 300 East 159th Street Bronx. New York 10451

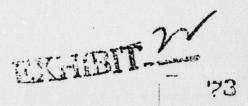
Dear Mr. Stephens:

This is advance notice of at least 35 days from the issuance date of this letter that it is proposed to remove you from the Service, suspend without pay for such period as may be administratively decided, or to take such other disciplinary action as may be deemed warranted for the following reason:

CHARGE NO. 1:

You are charged with removing mail from official channels in that on March 22, 1959, at 10:00am, while officially employed as a regular clerk in the Registry Section of the 35th Street Facility of the New York, N.Y. post office, you opened and removed the contents from register parcel #372541-X addressed to Kimberley Jewelers, 5764 Hollywood Boulevard, Los Angeles, Galifornia 20028 bearing a return address William Oliver, Diamond-Watches-Jewelry, 10 West 47th Street, New York, N.Y. 10036 which had been encorsed for return to the sender. You concealed the contents of this parcel on your person where it was found by Postal Inspector S. M. Jones and Investigative Aide Eugene Zambarda after you had been apprehended in the aforementioned Registry Section.

In view of the nature of the offense cited in Charge No. 1, it is believed it would not be in the best interest of the Government to retain you in an active duty status pending action on the charge. You are hereby notified that the Acting Regional Director, Mr. William A. Carroll, Jr., General Post Office, New York, N.Y. 10098, proposes to suspend you from an active duty status pending action on the charge.



You are hereby given 24 hours from the receipt of this letter within which to reply to Mr. John R. Strachan, Postmaster, General Post Office, New York, M.Y. 18001, to show reasons why this suspension should not be effected. You may reply personally or in writing, or both, and be accompanied by a representative if you so choose.

If you wish to reply personally and/or in the company of a representative, you may contact Employee Relations Officer Robert Dravin or Employee Relations Assistant Carl T. Bignon at Room 3509, General Post Office, New York, N.Y. 10001, between the hours of 9 A.M. and 4 P.M. Mondays through Pridays for a mutually convenient time. If you reply in person, a summary of your oral reply will be prepared by the Postmaster or his designee, who will forward it with the Postmaster's recommendation to the Acting Regional Director. If you wish to reply in writing, direct your reply to the Postmaster, c/o Rapleyment & Services Section, Room 3509, General Post Office, 33rd Street & Eighth Avenue, New York, N.Y. 16001. This reply will be forwarded to the Acting Regional Director with the Postmaster's recommendation.

After the expiration of the 24-hour period, you will be advised in writing, by the Acting Regional Director, William A. Carroll, Jr., New York, N.Y. 10093, of his decision with regard to suspending you. If the decision is adverse, you will be informed as to the charge relied upon as the reason for taking the adverse action. You will be advised of the decision reached regardless of whether you reply to this letter.

You are hereby given ten calendar days from the receipt of this letter of proposed adverse action within which to reply. You may reply personally (and in the company of a representative, if you choose) or in writing, or both personally and in writing, to Mr. John R. Strachan, Postmaster, New York, N.Y. 10001. You may furnish affidavits or other evidence in support of your reply.

If you wish to reply personally end/or in the company of a representative, you may contact Employee Relations Officer Robert Dravin or Employee Relations Assistant Carl T. Bignon at Room 3509, General Post Office, New York, N.Y. 10001, between the hours of 9 A.M. and 4 P.M. Mondays through Pridays, for a mutually convenient time. If you reply in person, a surmary of your oral reply will be prepared by the Postmaster or his designee, who will forward it with the Postmaster's recommendation to the Acting Regional Director. If you wish to reply in writing, direct your reply to the Postmaster, c/o Employment and Services Section, Room 3509, General Post Office, 33rd Street & Eighth Avenue, New York, N.Y. 10001. This reply will be forwarded to the Acting Regional Director with the Postmaster's recommendation.

If additional time is needed to prepare your reply, it will be considered upon written application to the postmaster showing the necessity. After the expiration of this period all the facts in your case, including your reply, if made within the allotted time, and affidavits, if any, will be given careful consideration by the Postmaster at New York, N.Y., who will submit his recommendation as to the action he believes warranted in your case to Mr. Villiam A. Carroll, Jr., Acting Regional Director, General Post Office, New York, M.Y. 10093.

All the facts in your case, including your reply and the Postmaster's recommendation, will be given careful consideration by Mr. Carroll, who will furnish you with a letter of decision. If the decision is adverse, you will be advised as to the charges relied upon as the reasons for taking the adverse action. You will be advised of the decision reached, regardless of whether you reply to this letter.

Very truly yours.

S. M. Jones

Postal Inspector

ml

March 28, 1969

Mr. Jesse B. Stephens Career Distribution Clerk 300 East 159th St. Apt. 1D Bronx, NY 10451

Dear Mr. Stephens:

There is attached decision dated March 28, 1969 rendered by the Acting Regional Director regarding the proposal to suspend you from duty without pay as set forth in the letter of proposed Adverse Action addressed to you dated March 25, 1969.

The Acting Regional Director has authorized your suspension from the Postal Service for an indefinits period. accordingly you will be suspended from duty without pay beginning March 31, 1969.

Sincerely,

John R. Strachan Postmaster

encl.

CC: 36th St. Facility

31:JW:df Ext. 7133

March 28, 1969

Mr. Jesse B. Stephens Career Mistribution Clerk United States Fost Office New York, New York 10001

Dear Mr. Stephens:

This will refer to the proposal to suspend you as set forth in the letter addressed to you from a Fostal Inspector dated March 25, 1969 to which you made a written reply dated March 26, 1969.

In view of the serious nature of the charge (removing mail from official channels while officially employed) as set forth in the letter of proposed Adverse Action dated Farch 25, 1969, it is my decision that you shall be suspended from the Postal Service for an indefinite period, pending a final adjudication of the charge preferred against you.

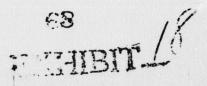
You have a right to request to be carried in a pay status to the extent of your accrued annual leave. If you decide to be carried in an annual leave status, your suspension will start when your accrued leave has been embausted. However, if you do not choose to be carried in an annual leave status, the Postmaster will advise you of the effective date of your suspension.

In addition to advising you of the effective date of your suspension, the Fostmaster will furnish you with the "Imployee's Copy" of Form 50, Notification of Personnel Action.

You have a right to appeal this decision to:

- (1) the Assistant Postmaster Ceneral, Bureau of Operations, Post Office Pepartment, Washington, D. C. 20260, or
- (2) the Director, U. S. Civil Service Commission, Hew York Region, 26 Federal Flaza, New York, New York 10007.

Even though you appeal this decision under the Department's Procedures, you will be continued in a non-pay status pending my decision on the motion to be taken on the charge.



Any appeal must be submitted, in writing, and must identify the reasons for the appeal. Your eligibility to appeal to the U. S. Civil Service Cormission is base, on your Carser Status.

Should you file an appeal with the Commission or through the Department's procedures you are assured that you will

- (a) have freedom from restraint, interference, occreion, discrimination or reprisal
- (b) have the right to be accompanied, represented, and advised by a representative of your own choosing, and
- (c) if the person ascisting you is a postal employee he shall be permitted a reasonable amount of official time to assist you in the preparation of the appeal, and he will be extended the right contained in item (a) above.

If you appeal this decision to the U. S. Civil Service Cosmission, you have no right to appeal through the Postal Appeal Procedures. If you will, after he renders the appellate decision, have the right to appeal his cocision either to the U. C. Civil Service Commission, the Board of Appeal and Review or to Advisory Arbitration.

If you file an appeal to the director, U. 3. Civil Pervice Cambiesion, or with the Assistant Postmaster Conexal, Jureau of Operations, please furnish me and the Postmaster with a signed copy of your appeal.

Sincerely yours,

William A. Carroll Acting Regional Tirector

PH, New York, NY 10001 Case No. 105012-SD (P) Inspector S.M. Jones DC 69-1229

On this

JUDGMENT AND COMMITMENT (2042 2-65)

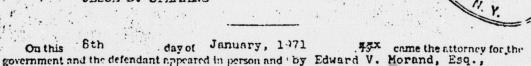
Cr. Form No. 25

United States Bistrict Court

SOUTHERN DISTRICT OF NEW YORK

Inited States of America

JESSE B. STEPHENS



It is Adduced that the defendant upon his plea of not guilty and a finding of . guilty by the Court, defendant having waived trial by jury, has been convicted of the offense of being a Postal Service employee, unlawfully, wilfully and knowingly embozzling a package which had come into his possession and was intended to be conveyed by mail. (Title 18, U.S. Code, Section 1709.)

as charged a

and the court having asked the defendant whether he has anything to say why judgment should no be pronounced, and no sufficient cause to the contrary being shown or appearing to the Court.

It Is ADJUDGED that the defendant is guilty as charged and convicted.

his authorized representative for imprisonment for a period of SIX (6) MONTHS.

Defendant released on his own recognizance pending appeal.

DEPTH WOODS NOW SETTING XX

Ir Is Owner that the Clerk deliver a certified copy of this judgment and commitment to the United States Marshal or other qua fied officer and that the copy serve as the commitment for the defendant.

Titocom energemente exception knoperte

United States District Judge.

Clerk.

Insert "by frame of counsel), coursel" or without counsel; the court advised the defendant of his rights counsel and ested him whether he de had to have counsel appointed by the court, and the defendant thereupon and there is a factual basis for the plan. (2) "not guilty, and a variety for a guilty and a finding of lifty," or (4) "not courted by the court being satisfied the internal plan. (2) "not guilty, and a variety of guilty, and a finding of lifty," or (4) "not countries of the plan." (3) "not guilty, and a finding of the countries of the



PERSONNEL DEPARTMENT Washington, DC 20260

August 2, 1971

Mr. Jesse B. Stephens 300 East 159th Street Bronx, New York 10451

Dear Mr. Stephens:

This appellate level has completed its examination of your appeals from the adverse decisions of the Regional Director as outlined in his letters to you dated March 28 and June 2, 1969.

A careful review has been made of the entire case file, including the charge against you, your written replies of March 26, April 2 and April 8, 1969 and the recommendations of the postmaster. A hearing was scheduled for July 15, 1969 but was postponed pending initial court action. You were found guilty in court in November, 1970. The hearing was then scheduled for January 4, 1971; however, at the request of your attorney it was continued until February 4, 1971. You were informed that no further postponements would be granted. Accordingly your attorney's request for a continuance pending a court appeal was denied.

A postponement of the administrative hearing may be granted pending an initial court decision so that the individual does not have to divulge his defense in advance of court action. There is no obligation to hold administrative action in abeyance pending a court appeal. In refusing to participate and withdrawing from the hearing of February 4, 1971, you forfeited your right to an administrative hearing and opportunity to cross examine your accusers. Mr. Edward V. Morand's letter of April 9, 1971 has been included in the case file. Your appeal case is being adjudicated based upon the existing evidence of record.

It is the opinion of this appellate level that all essential procedural requirements have been met and your rights were not violated.

You are charged with removing mail from official channels in that on March 22, 1969 you opened and removed the contents of a registered parcel and concealed the contents on your person. Details of the charge are contained in the notice of proposed adverse action dated March 25, 1969. The charge is supported by the sworn affidavit of Clerk Alexander Beck, the Investigative Summary marked Exhibit 23, and by Exhibits M-2, M-3 and M-5.

Since you and/or your representative were not present throughout the hearing, the hearing is not valid in that it violated Article X, Sect: G.4.d. of the National Agreement. Inspector Stewart M. Jones' stateme cannot be accepted as sworn testimony but it does tend to support his Investigative Summary dated March 25, 1969. Charge Number 1, which is supported by substantial evidence of record, is sustained.

Based upon the sustained charge your removal is considered to be both in the best interests of and will promote the efficiency of the postal service. The Regional Director's decision to remove you from the postal service is sustained. You will be advised locally of the effective date of your removal. The Regional Director's decision to place you on emergency suspension pending disposition of the charge is considered to have been both warranted and necessary in order to insure the security of the mails.

You have the right of electing to appeal this decision to one of the following: (1) the Board of Appeals and Review, Personnel Department, Post Office Department, Washington, D.C. 20260, (2) to the Director, Civil Service Commission, New Federal Building, 26 Federal Plaza, New York, New York, 10007, or (3) if you are a member of a unit where exclusive recognition has been granted to an employee organization having an agreement for advisory arbitration, you may, with the organization's consent, appeal to arbitration provided the organization is willing to pay one-half of the cost.

An appeal to the Board of Appeals and Review should contain a full statement as to the reason for appealing this decision and include a copy of the decision of this office. If you appeal to the Board of Appeals and Review, you do not have a further right to appeal to the U. S. Civil Service Commission. If you elect to appeal to the U. S. Civil Service Commission, you do not have a further right to appeal to the Board of Appeals and Review.

Any further appeal must be in writing at any time after receipt of this letter of decision but not later than fifteen (15) calendar days after the adverse action has been effected. If the adverse action has been effected prior to this decision, you have fifteen (15) days from the receipt of this letter within which to appeal. A signed copy of your appeal must also be furnished to this office.

Sincerely yours,

Lawrence C. Gayle

Assistant Postmaster General Employee Relations Department OFFICE OF

UNITED STATES POST OFFICE

NEW YORK, N.Y. 10001

CFRTIFIED MAIL(975682)

IN REPLY REVER TO

971-7148

August 6, 1971

Mr. Jesse B. Stephens
Distribution Clerk
300 East 159th Street Apt.#1-D
Bronx, New York 10451

Dear Mr. Stephens:

In accordance with the decision of the Assistant Postmaster General, which was mailed to you on August 2, 1971, you are advised that your removal will be effective August 12, 1971. Your copy of the Form POD showing your removal, is enclosed herewith.

Sincerely yours,

George J. Hass J. Officer an Charge

Copy by ordinary mail.



U.S. CIVIL SERVICE COMMISS ERAL BUILDING, 25 FEDERAL PLAZA NEW YORK, N.Y. 10007

UNITED STATES CIVIL SERVICE COMMISSION

YOUR REFERENCE

FEB 23 1972

NEW YORK REGION COMPRISING NEW YORK, NEW JERSEY.

PUERTO RICO AND THE VIRGIN ISLANDS OFFICE OF THE DIRECTOR, NEW YORK, N.Y. 10007

Regional Postmaster Ceneral U. b. Fortal barrice Orester H. Y. Hetropolitan Pagion Hain Foet Office Building New York, New Loris 10078 Att: Managor, imployee Relations

. . . .

Ret Appellant: Position: Agency and Location:

Section Il Appeal Distribution dedo U. L. Post villes Her Torke des York

Dear Sir:

In accordance with the instructions contained in Section 772.306 of the Commission's Regulations governing appeals of preference eligibles under Section 14 of the Veterans' Preference Ast of 1914, there is transmitted herewith a copy of the decision in the case of the abovenamed preference eligible whose appeal has been considered by this office.

The further appeal rights of the parties to the appeal are fully set forth in the concluding paragraphs of the attached decision.

FOR THE REGIONAL DIRECTOR

Sincerely yours,

Bert Canser Apposio Amaniner

Nature of Recommendation:

Agency setion susteined

Attachment: Copy of Decision Eurmary of Hearing

Copies to:

Hr. Jenus B. Ltophens 300 Hast 159 Strout Apartment La liroax, lies fork 10651 Mr. Bernard Leimarts Hational Representative American rostal corners union egnera tau das Cor Hew York, New York 15025

> NY AD-170 Rev. August 1968

> > 113

EXHIBIT 7

THE MI

NMENT

NOV 1 3 4959

Mr. Jasse P. Stephens 300 Rast 159th Street Bronx, New York 10451

RE: Case No. 105205-SD

Dear Mr. Stophens:

Ca March 22, 1969, while employed at the New York, New York, post office, you were apprehended for the theft and rifling of registered mail. An exemination of the reported registry losses volated to your depredations disclosed your responsibility for losses totaling \$3,425.46. This is in addition to the emount recovered from you at the time of your apprehension.

The circumstances of each loss included in the assessment meet the criteria set forth in the decision of Boorner v. United States, 30 F. Eurp. 635 (UNDS ED NY, 1739) affirmed 117 F. 2d 387 (CCA 2, 1941) certiorari denied 313 U. S. 537 (1941).

This letter is a demand on you for payment of \$3,425.46, which should be made in the form of a draft or cartified check payable to "Dis-burning Officer, Post Office Papartment" and forwarded in the enclosed addressed excelope which requires: no postage.

We will addit your ready for thirty (30) days. If none is received by December 16, 1969, set-off of the Soverment's loss will be instituted against funds due you. Thereafter, we will file claim with the bonding company under the blanker position bond covering the period of your employment for any remainder. The manner and terms of asivage by the bending company would then be a matter for distinction and you and United Evading Insurance Company.

Sincerely yours,

(Signed) W. J. Gottar W. J. COTTER

Chief Inapactor

FCG.:den mcs (11-12-69)

A 11/2-69

EXHIBIT 8

Edward V. Morand

MCXMINARIXX CI-7-0431

1776 Broadway

XXXDDGWESKSXXSJEETX

NEW YORK 19, N.Y.

November 17, 1969

Post Office Department Chief Postal Inspector Washington, D.C. 20260

Re: Jesse P. Stephens
Case No. 105205-SD

Dear Sir:

Your letter dated November 13, 1969, signed by Mr. W.J. Cotter, has been turned over to me, as I presently represent Mr. Stephens in a matter before the United States District Court for the Southern District of New York.

I would appreciate receiving a detailed amplified bill of particulars concerning the alleged depredations and whether the same is in cash or merchandise; the date and place of occurrence.

I would likewise appreciate advice from you as to whether this demand is in any way connected with the criminal matter involving Mr. Stephens in the District Court. Furthermore, Mr. Stephens, as of this date, has failed to receive any notice concerning the appeal he initiated.

Your advice on this subject will also be most welcome.

Very cruly yours,

Edward V. Morand

EVM: ta

DEC 1 6 1969

Mr. Edward V. Morand Counselor at Law 1776 Broadway New York, New York 10019

RE: Jessa P. Stephens Case No. 105205-SD

Dear Mr. Morand:

This will acknowledge receipt of your letter dated November 17, 1969 concerning your client, Mr. Josse P. Stephens.

We are this date forwarding POD Forms 504, evidencing a Government less of 93,425.46, to the Postal Enspector in Charge, General Fast Office, Room 4102, 33rd and 8th Avenue, New York, New York 16001 for your examination. These forms will be kept at the above address until December 30, 1969 after which they will be returned to this Buccau.

Under controlling judicial decisions, it is not necessary that Mr. Stephens be charged criminally with each individual loss or even prove beyond a reasonable doubt his responsibility for each individual less in order to hold him civilly liable. It is enough to show that the losses occurred, that he was apprehended committing a similar offense, that he had access to the other mail, and that there was nothing to indicate that the mail was mistreated by any other employee. These factors are considered in the charging of losses and meet the standards set forth in the decision of Boarner v. United States.

The question of appeal and any lecision thereafter is a matter that abould be taken up with the Assistant Postmaster General, Bureau of Operations, Washington, D. C.

Since you will undoubtedly need additional time to consult with your client concerning his indebtedness and subsequent repayment of the Government's loss to are holding the collection feature in abeyance until January 12, 1970. If this effice is not favored with a draft in the amount of \$3,425.43 by that date the action as stated in our demand letter of November 13, 1960 will be taken.

Your cooperation in this matter will be appreciated.

Sincerely yours,

(Signed) .. J. C. ...

W. J. Charles Chief R protor

FCGree 'cs (

EXHIBIT 10

EDWARD V. MORAND COUNSELLOR AT LAW 1776 BROADWAY NEW YORK, N. Y. 10019 CI 7-0481 PL 7-3257 January 21, 1970 Mr. W. J. Cotter, Chief Inspector Post Office Department Washington, D. C. 20260 Dear Sir: Reference is made to your letter of December 16, 1969, Re: Jesse P. Stephens, Case # 105205-SD. Pursuant to your information, I visited the Postal Inspector Mr. Jones prior to December 30th as requested. I reviewed such papers as he had in his possession, and while it clearly indicated that the government had made refunds to a number of persons on the basis of lost mail, there was hardly any evidence whatsoever that this could be chargeable . to Mr. Stephens. Consequently, I find that there has been a complete failure on the part of the government to submit adequate information so as to comply with my demand for a Bill of Particulars. I would suggest that you augment this situation by sending me in detail answers to the questions forwarded to you. Mitbout prejudice to the defendant's position, but with the knowledge that there is no perfect case either on the part of the prosecution or the defense, would the government be willing to suggest a token compromise figure of settlement?

I have advised the District Attorney of my intention to communicate with you, and I am sending him a copy of this letter. In view of the pressure of an impending criminal trial, your very prompt attention would be appreciated.

Very truly yours,

EDWARD V. MORAND

EVM:fkt

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NOTIFICATION OF PERSONNEL ACTION EMPLOYEE SEE GENERAL INFORMATION ON REVERSE

Approved by Civil Service Commission, Novem A1988

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EXHIBIT 12

A2)

STATE OF Connecticut

881

I. Jesse B. Stephens

, living at the Dambury Correctional Inst. tution

Danbury, Conn

, being duly sworn, make this

statement of my own free will, without any promises or assurances: I have read the 752*B Appeal File as presently constitute by the US Civil Service Commission. I have read the file to the best of my ability as I have no legal counsel or representative available to me at this time.

I hereby request a Hearing by the US Civil Service Commission in this matter at the earliest possible time. I am confined to the Danbury Correctional Institution and will be until the middle of November, 1971. I request that the hearing be held in New York City after I have been releases and have time to obtain the services of legal counsel

and to prepare my side of the appeal.

I maintain that my removal was unfair and improper because of the manner in which the Post Office Mearing relative to my removal was held. The hearing was held on Feb. 4, 1971 and I was present. I was accompanied by Mr William Morand, Attorney at Iaw. My Morand indicated that he had withdrawn from my case for reasons of ill health and also because I could not afford to pay him for his services. Therefore I had no representative. I had been convicted in November, 1970 in US District Court on a charge of removing mail from normal channels. I was sentenced on January 8, 1971. I then appealed the conviction and sentence. The appeal was pending as of Feb. 4, 1971. I had petitioned the Appeals Court for counsel at the time of appeal and counsel had not yet been appointed. I tried to explain all of this to the Hearing Examiner of the Post Office and had asked for a continuance in view of these facts. The request for a continuance was denied and the hearing was held. Because I had no counsel, I left and was therefore denied the right to hear my accusors and to cross examine them.

I further maintain that the 8/12/71 Form 50 proposal of the Post Office to withhold all monies due me because of "known government losses" is improper in that there is no indication in the hearing summary, appeal file or the court procedings that there

, are Known governmental losses chargeable to me.

I also maintain that keeping me on saspension from 3/31/69 tony removal on 8/12/71 was improper and illegal. This suspension prevented me from obtaining employment and other benefits. I was not advised during my period of suspension as to whether I had life insurance coverage provided for Federal Employees or if the insurance had been dropped. This lack of knowledge relative to my health benefit insurance also applies. I also maintain that the 8/12/71 Form 50 makes no provision for paying me for the accrued annual leave due me as of the time that I was suspended.

Page | of 3 pages.

Initials:

NY I-169 Rev. August, 1962

-USCSC-NY Reg. - NY

EXHIBIT 13

I wish to state further that Edward V. Moran is not my attorney and has not been since he represented me in Federal District Court in November 1970/ I dismissed him and paid him off at that time. I then asked that legal counsel be provided by the court in connection with my appeal. An attorney was appointed and did represent me in the appeal. Since Feb. 4, 1971, I have had no contact with Morand and any action or correspondence that he has performed has been done without my knowledge.

Pack & B Book

I have read the above statement consisting of 2 pages, which is true and complete to the best of my knowledge and belief. I further understand that the information I have given is not to be considered confidential and that it may be discussed with or shown to the interested parties.

Jesse B. Stephens

Subscribed and sworn to before me

at Danbury, Conn

this5th day of October , 1971

Investigator, U. S. Civil Service Commission

Page 3 of 3 pages.

主

91 01 72 1251 S SEF HELD FROM YOUR MOT WITHME Refund of retirement deductions is also prohibited if you are currently employed in a position subject to Givil Service retirement deductions or will be so employed within 31 days from the date of the separation on which your ò Service Commission at least 31 days before the earliest commencing date of I hereby certify that all statements in this application are true to the best of my knowledge and belief. I have read and understand the statements in the (Check one) VOLUNTARY CONTRIBUTIONS WITHHELP 9. PREVIOUS APPLICATIONS FILED (Indicate by "X") DEPOSIT OR REDEPOSIT 10451 12.(C) LOCATION OF NEW EMPLOYMENT (City, State and ZIP Code) 3. SOCIAL SECURITY NUMBER 11. (B) IF YOU ANSWER "YES" TO ITEM 11(A), ARE CIVIL SERVICE RE. TIREMENT DEDUCTIONS BEING WITH-KELD (OR WILL THEY BE WITH-HELD) FROM YOUR SALARY DURING SUCH EMPLOYMENT? ENDING DATE ICITY, STATE, AND ZIP CODES ISIGNATURE OF APPLICANT 197 N. 1. 1.14 INUMBER AND STREET! NEW YORK PERIODS OF SERVICE 15957 6. TITLE OF LAST POSITION To avoid dely in payment: (1) Complete application in full: (2) Typewrite or print in ink. DIST. BEGINNING DATE RETIREMENT ANNUITY any annuity for which you are eligible. REPUND BRONZ 300 € PPLICATION FOR REFUND OF RETIREMENT DEDUCTIONS 2. DATE OF BIRTH / Mouth, day, year? 08-28-1.3 claim for refund is based. 3. LOCATION OF LAST EMPLOYMENT (City, State and ZIP Code) above Notice to Applicanti 12(8) DEPARTMENT OR AGENCY, INCLUDING BUREAU, BRANCH, OR DIVISION, IN LOCATION OF EMPLOYMENT (City, State and ZIP Code) CIVIL SERVICE RETIDEMENT SYSTEM 08-12-71 ENDING DATE NOTE: SIGN YOUR OWN DIVIN MAME, MIDDLE INITIAL, AND LAST MAME. NEW YORK, N.Y. 19001 10. LIST BELOW ALL OF YOUR OTHER CIVILIAN SERVICE FOR HE UNITED STATES GOVERNMENT OR DISTRICT OF COLUMBIA. NOTICE TO APPLICANT 11 (A) HAVE YOU ACCEPTED ANY FURTHER EMPLOYMENT WITH THE FEDERAL OR DISTRICT OF COLUMBIA GOVERNMENT TOR APPRANCED FOR SUCH EMPLOYMENT TO BECOME YES NO BEFFECTIVE WITHIN 31 DAYS FROM THE ENDING DATE SHOWN IN ITEM 572 (Middle) WHICH YOU ARE JOR WILL BE) EMPLOYED 1. If you have more than 5 years of service you may be entitled to annuity rights which will be forfested by payment of this refund unless you are later recmployed subject to the Civil Service Retirem at Act. . 1956, from a position subject to the Civil Service Retirement Act, refund of etirement deductions is prohibited uniess your separation occurred and your i oplication is received in the Civil warded to the office in which you were last imployed. If you have been separated more than 30 dots, forward this application to the Bureau of Retirement and Insurance, U.S. Sivil Service Commission, Washrepresentation relative thereto is a colation of the law punishable by a fine of not more than \$10,000 or imprisonment of of more than 5 years, or both. (18 U.S.C. 1001) . this application should be for-WARNING. - Any intentional faise statemen in this application or willful mis-S. PERIOD OF LAST SERVICE BEGINNING DATE -01-116-118 IF YOU ANSWER "YES" TO ITEM 11(A), COMPLETE ITEMS 12(A), 12(B), AND 12(C): WHERE TO FILE YOUR A PLICATION (First) DEPARTMENT OR AGENCY (Including bureau, brand, or DEPARTMENT OR ACENCY OF LAST EMPLOYMENT INCLUDING BUREAU, BRANCH, OR DIVISION 1. If you have been separated 30 days or le If you were separated on or after October POST OFFICE division where employed) JESSE 4. LIST ALL OTHER NAMES YOU HAVE USED Standard Form No. 2802 U.S. Civil Service Commission 12.(A) DATE OF NEW APPOINTMENT (Pay) PPM Supplement 831-1 STEPHTIS, ington, D.C., 20415. July 1966

former employee is (is not) attached.

Washington, D.C. 20415

Standard Form No. 2805

REFORT OF ACTION ON FEQUEST FOR RECOVERY UNITED STATES CIVIL SERVICE COMMISSION

DEBTOR HAS NO AMOUNT TO HIS CREDIT IN THE RETIREMENT FUND BOTH COPIES

New York, New York 10000

THERE IS NO SHOWING THAT ATTEMPTS TO RECOVER THROUGH EMPLOYING WE ARE UNABLE TO IDENTIFY THE DEBTOR FROM THE DATA FURNISHED. IF YOU DATA YOU HAVE FURNISHED INDICATES THAT DEBTOR IS NOW AN EMPLOYIF, AND WILL FILL IN THE DATE OF BIRTH AND RETURN BOTH COPIES OF THE REQUEST, ANOTHER ATTEMPT WILL BE MADE. OF REQUEST ARE RETURNED. RETIREMENT ACCOUNT IS AVAILABLE FOR IMMEDIATE SET-OFF, YOU WILL BE NOTI-RETRIGEMENT DEDUCTIONS FOR LAST KNOWN PERIOD OF SERVICE HAVE BEEN RE. CEIVED IN THE COMMISSION. REQUEST FOR RECOVERY HAS BEEN INDEXED AND RETHREMENT ACCOUNT FOR LAST KNOWN PERIOD OF STRVICE HAS NOT BEEN RE-FUMILIED BOTH COPIES OF REQUEST ARE RETURNED. FILED FOR POSSIBLE FUTURE ACTION.

THE AMOUNT OF INDERFEDENCES IS LESS THAN \$5.00. BOTH COPIES OF REQUEST ARE RETURNED AND SET-OFF WILL NOT BE MADE RECAUSE THE COST OF RECOVERY WOULD EXCRED THE AMOUNT OF INDEDITIONESS. POSSIBLE FUTURE ACTION.

DEBTOR HAS A VESTED THEE TO AMNUITY AND HAS NOT FILED AN APPLICATION FOR HENLITS REQUIEST FOR RECOVERY HAS BEEN INDEXED AND FILED FOR BUREAU OF RETIRE.

AGENCY HAVE BELN EXHAUSTED. BOTH COPIES OF REQUEST ARE RETURNED

OTHER (Specify)

Mary 3-8 TEXAMINER MENT AND INSURANCE UNITED STATES CIVIL SERVICE COMMISSION
BUREAU OF RETIREMENT, INSURANCE, AND OCCUPATIONAL HEALTH
WASHINGTON, D.C. 20415
1-14-72

Jesse B. Stephens
300 C. 159th St. apt 10

Brond, M.J. 10451

CSR- 082813

We have been requested to withhold from your retirement refund the amount of your debt to the United States, as shown below:

REASON FOR DEBT

The first mail

CLAIMANT AGENCY

AMOUNT OF RETIREMENT CREDIT

INTEREST

\$ 6606.02+232.81

TOTAL -76838.83

AMOUNT OF DEBT

\$ 7731.29

\$ 7731.29

Since the debt is more than your retirement credit, no money can be refunded to you. Any questions you may have concerning this matter should be presented to the agency shown above, rather than to the U. S. Civil Service Commission.

Mary & Gleason

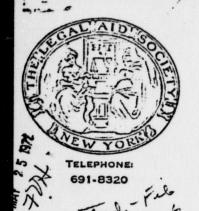
Mary J. Gleason Chief, Refund and Deposit Section Claims Division

EXHIBIT 16

OVEK

BRI 47-65 SEPTEMBER 1960

OVER



THE LEGAL AID SOCIETY

CIVIL BRANCH APPEALS BUREAU

267 WEST 17TH STREET NEW YORK, N. Y. 10011

KALMAN FINKEL, ATTORNEY-IN-CHARGE

ORISON S. MARDEN
Chairman of the Board

LEON SILVERMAN

President

HAROLD H. HEALY. JR.

Treasurer

SAMUEL W. MURPHY. JR.

Secretary

EDWARD Q. CARR. JR.
Attorney-in-Chief

MRS. MARY B. TARCHER
Assista Attorney-in-Chief

May 24, 1972

U.S. Postal Service Bureau of Chief Postal Inspector Washington, D.C.

Dear Sirs:

I am writing to you on behalf of my client, Jesse B. Stephens (Soc. Sec. #403-22-4614). Mr. Stephens was employed by the Postal Service from 1-24-48 to 8-12-71, when he was suspended and removed from the position of Distribution Window Clerk, PS Level 5, Step 11, \$7,898 per annum.

Mr. Stephens has several money claims against the Postal Service. He would appreciate your prompt clarification and review of why these sums have not been forthcoming and final agency determination with respect to the following amounts:

- a. The sum of \$5838.83 represents the refund to which Mr. Stephens is entitled as a result of the termination of his employment. This figure includes \$5506.02, his contribution to the Retirement Fund, and \$232.81 interest on this amount.
- b. The sum of \$300.00 was due to Mr. Stephens as a bonus at the time of his termination.
- c. The sum of \$544.05 represents the sum due to Mr. Stephens as terminal leave at the time of his termination.

To: U.S. Postal Service

May 24, 1972

The above amounts are all being withheld on the basis of an alleged indebtedness of Mr. Stephens in the amount of \$7731.29. My client categorically denies the alleged indebtedness. The Postal Service has not given him appropriate notice of the charges against him nor an opportunity to challenge these claims.

I am enclosing papers which may be helpful to your final determination of Mr. Stephens' account. With respect to the retirement fund credit, the U.S. Civil Service Commission, Bureau of Retirement, Insurance, and Occupational Health has referred Mr. Stephens to the Postal Service because of the alleged indebtness. (Inclosure dated 1-14-72) Inspector Mowd of Grand Central Post Office suggested that I write to your office. Regarding the other two amounts, some correspondence is enclosed; however, a conversation I had on May 23, 1972 with Mr. Martin Kalkstein of the Payroll Unit of the Postal Data Center confirmed the fact that these sums have also been withheld to be applied to the alleged indebtness.

Assuming that the Postal Service has the right to offset amounts due it from an employee, such offset violates the elements of due process when it is made in so arbitrary a manner as revealed in this case. Mr. Stephens was not given notice by the Postal Service prior to the contemplated offset nor was he given an opportunity to fully contest the government's claims against him prior to the withholding of the sums involved. If we receive no word from the Postal Service in the next three weeks that a final determination of Mr. Stephens' claim has been reached or that a hearing will be afforded to Mr. Stephens, our office will assume that a resort to the courts will be necessary for a prompt resolution of all of the issues in the case.

Sincerely,

anita F. Barrett

Anita F. Darrett Associate Appellate Counsel Inspector Howd Box 68 Grand Central PO New York, N.Y. 10017

Martin Kalkstein New York Postal Data Center Payroll Unit Room 4560 New York, N.Y. 10099

Mr. Bert Ganzer
Appeals Examiner
United States Civil Service Commission
New York Region
Federal Building
26 Toderal Plaza
New York, N.Y. 10007

Mr. Jesse B. Stephens 300 East 159 Street Apartment 1D Bronx, New York 10451

AFE/rs Encs.



ASSISTANT POSTMASTER GENERAL INSPECTION SERVICE

Washington, DC 20260

JUN 2 1970

Ms. Anita F. Barrett
Associate Appellate Counsel
The Legal Aid Society and
Branch Appeal Bureau
267 West 17th Street
New York, New York 10011

RE: Jesse P. Stephens Case No. 105205-SD

Dear Ms. Barrett:

This refers to your letter dated May 24, 1972 in behalf of your client Mr. Jesse P. Stephens. It concerns the withholding of funds due Mr. Stephens as a result of his depredations on the mail.

Review of the case file reflects that Mr. Stephens was initially indebted to the Government in the amount of \$8,425.46. On February 24, 1972 this Service was advised that the sum of \$7,533.00 had been set-off from funds due Mr. Stephens. This amount included the amount of \$240.00 final salary due, unused leave due in the amount of \$454.17 and Retirement Fund Account in the amount of \$6,838.83. On completion of set off there remained a balance due of \$892.46 for which demand has been made on the bonding company under the blanket position bond covering the period of Mr. Stephens' employment. This claim is still pending.

The facts in this case are that an investigation was initiated early in March 1969 based on numerous reports of the loss of registered articles at the 36th Street Facility of the New York, New York, post office. On March 15 Mr. Stephens, who was assigned in the Registry Section, was developed as a suspect. He was observed acting in a suspicious manner in that he opened two registered articles, examined the contents and resealed the parcels. These parcels were later intercepted, delivered to the addressees on March 17 and the wrappers recovered.

On March 22, Mr. Stephens was apprehended after he was observed to segregate a registered parcel placed in the mail stream and subsequently remove the contents. At that time he was taken to his locker where the contents were removed, placed in shopping bags and taken with him to the Postal Inspector's Office. A Warning and Waiver Form was given to Mr. Stephens which he read but refused to sign. Search of his person disclosed that he was wearing

two pairs of trousers and in the rear pocket of the inner trousers the contents were found of the registered parcel.

We have forwarded to the bonding company POD Forms 504, Inquiry Regarding Claim for Insured/C.O.D./Registered Article, which represent payment of indemnity to postal patrons by the Postal Service for the loss of articles contained in registered parcels which would have been received at the 36th Street Facility during the course of Mr. Stephens' employment. Should you desire to review these forms, we will make them available to the Office of the Postal Inspector in Charge, New York, for your review.

Under controlling judicial decisions, it is not necessary that Mr. Stephens be charged criminally with each individual loss or even prove beyond a reasonable doubt his responsibility for each individual loss in order to hold him civilly liable. It is enough to show that the losses occurred, that he was apprehended committing a similar offense, that he had access to the other mail, and that there was nothing to indicate that the mail was mistreated by any other employee. All these factors were present in your client's case and the evidence met the standards set forth in the decision of Boerner v. United States, 30 F. Supp. 635 (USDC ED NY, 1939), affirmed 117 F. 2d 387 (CCA 2, 1941) certiorari denied 313 U. S. 587 (1941).

On November 13, 1969, a letter of demand for the sem of \$8,425.46 was directed to Mr. Stephens. Therein it was stipulated that unless we had heard from him within 30 days, set-off action would be initiated and if necessary demand on surety would be accomplished for any remaining indebtedness after set-off was completed.

Mr. Stephens employed the services of Mr. Edward V. Morand, Counselor at Law, 1776 Broadway, New York, New York. At his request we held the collection feature of this case in abeyance until such time as Mr. Stephens' appeal of removal from the rolls of the Postal Service was acted on. A further request was made and granted to the U. S. Attorney that until such time as the criminal prosecution feature had been resolved, no action would be taken on the appeal of removal. Mr. Stephens was sentenced on January 8, 1971 to serve six months imprisonment. He appealed the conviction and was remanded on bail. His appeal of sentence was denied, and he was ordered to surrender himself on June 7, 1971 to begin serving his sentence. On August 12, 1971, after a hearing on Mr. Stephens' appeal of removal from the Postal Service, he was officially removed.

On September 21, 1971 action was initiated to off-set from money due Mr. Stephens the amount of Government losses chargeable to his depredations.

The statutory requirements for this action are embodied in Title 5, United States Code, Sections 5511 and 5512, which make it mandatory that when an employee is separated for cause, any pay accruing to him shall be applied in whole or in part to the satisfaction of any claim or indebtedness due the United States.

As is shown above, Mr. Stephens was given the opportunity and did contest the government's claim against him prior to the set off of \$7,533.00.

We trust this information satisfies your inquiry.

Sincerely,

William J. Cotter

Assistant Postmaster General

Inspection Service



TELEPHONE: 991-4600

sociate Attorney-in-Charge Michael D. Hampden

(THE LEGAL AID SOCIET

CIVIL BRANCH APPEALS BUREAU

BRONX OFFICE 1029 EAST 163RD STREET BRONX, NEW YORK 10459

KALMAN FINKEL, ATTORNEY-IN-CHARGE

ORISON S. MARDEN
Chairman of the Board

LEON SILVERMAN

President

HAROLD H. HEALY, JR.

Treasurer

SAMUEL W. MURPHY. JR.

Secretary

EDWARD Q. CARR. JR.
Attorney-in-Chief

MRS. MARY B. TARCHER
Assistant Attorney-in-Chief

November 3, 1972

United States Civil Service Commission Bureau of Retirement, Insurance and Occupational Health Washington, D.C. 20415

Dear Sirs;

We represent Jesse B. Stephens (Soc. Sec. #408-22-4614). Mr. Stephens was employed by the Postal Service from January 24, 1948 to August 12, 1971 when he was removed from the position of window clerk, PS level 5, Step 11, \$7,895 per annum at the 36th Street Post Office in Manhattan.

In October 1971, following his removal from the Postal Service, Mr. Stephens filed an application with the Bureau of Retirement Insurance and Occupational Health for a refund of his contribution to the Civil Service Retirement Fund. Mr. Stephens was unaware that since he had completed 5 years of service he could leave his contribution in the fund and on reaching 62 years of age would receive an annuity (Civil Service Retirement Act §8A, FPM Sup 831-1 subchapter S12). Had Mr. Stephens been informed of this right he would not have filed for a retirement refund.

(At the time of removal the Postal Service is required to instruct the employee to wait until three months before he attains age 62 to file his application for retirement (FPM Sup 831-1, subchapter S12). The Postal Service did not comply with this directive here.

The Postal Service has through its failure to inform our client of his rights effectively prevented him from exercising them. Accordingly we request that his application for a retirement refund (he has received no payment as of the date) be considered withdrawn and his right to an annuity reinstated.

If we do not hear from you within 10 days we will be forced totake the matter to the courts.

Very truly yours,

Elaine C. Buck

Associate Appellate Counsel





UNITED STATES CIVIL SERVICE COMMISSION

BUREAU OF RETIREMENT, INSURANCE, AND OCCUPATIONAL HEALTH WASHINGTON, D.C. 20415

RCZ:LAT:rmc

YOUR REFERENCE

November 22, 1972

Elaine C. Buck Associate Appellate Counsel The Legal Aid Society Civil Branch Appeals Bureau 1029 East 163rd St. Bronx, N.Y.

Dear Ms. Buck:

This is in reference to your letter of November 3, 1972 in the interest of Mr. Jesse B. Stephens regarding benefits payable from the Civil Service Retirement System.

Mr. Stephens once had an annuity right under the retirement law, but that right has been forfeited. At time of his separation from the Post Office on August 12, 1971, Mr. Stephen's past Federal service entitled him to a choice of two benefits: (1) a refund in full of retirement deductions plus interest, which would terminate all retirement rights; (2) a lifetime annuity commencing at age 62, if all retirement deductions were left in the fund.

The record shows Mr. Stephens applied for a refund of the deductions and interest credited to his account in the retirement fund. Enclosed is a photocopy of Mr. Stephen's application for refund. As you will note under "Notice to Applicant", the form states that "If you have more than 5 years of service, you may be entitled to annuity rights which will be forfeited by payment of this refund ".

The Post Office Department requested that we withhold \$7,731.29 from the money payable to Mr. Stephens to recover a debt due the United States for theft of mail. When Mr. Stephens applied for a refund, this government claim had to be withheld from the refund payable. Since his retirement credit was only \$6,606.02, this money was paid to the New York Postal Data Center to pay a portion of their claim.

By applying for a refund in lieu of the future annuity, Mr. Stephens ended his rights under the Civil Service Retirement System. There is no way we might pay any further benefit in the case.

Sincerely yours,

W. L. Schlappi

Chief of Section

Enclosure

EXHIBIT TO STMENT IN GOOD GOVERNMENT THE MERIT SYSTEM-



TELEPHONE: 991-4600

ASSOCIATE ATTORNEY-IN-CHARGE MICHAEL D. HAMPDEN

THE LEGAL AID SOCIET.

CIVIL BRANCH APPEALS BUREAU

BRONX OFFICE 1029 EAST 163RD STREET BRONX, NEW YORK 10459

KALMAN FINKEL, ATTORNEY-IN-CHARGE

ORISON S. MARDEN Chairman of

LEON SILVERMAN

HAROLD H. HEALY, J

SAMUEL W. MURPHY

EDWARD Q. CARR. Ji
Attorne

MRS. MARY B. TARC
Assistant Attorne

November 6, 1972

Comptroller General of the United States

441 G. Street
N. W., Washington, D.C. 20548

GAO - INDEX & FILES

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Dear Sir;

We represent Jesse B. Stephens (Soc. Sec. #408-22-4514). Mr. Stephens was employed by the United States Postal Service from January 24, 1948 to August 12, 1971 when he was dismissed as a window clerk at the 36th Street Facility of the New York City Post Office. Mr. Stephens was charged with and found guilty of removing a package from the mail on March 22, 1969.

The United States Postal Service owes Mr. Stephens the following amounts of money:

- 1. \$6,838.83 which represents contributions to the Civil Service Retirement Fund.
- 2. , A \$300.00 bonus.
- 3. \$544.05 in terminal leave.

Although the Postal Service concedes that these sums are due Mr. Stephens, it has offset these amounts against \$8,425.46 which it claims is owed the United States by our client. Mr. Stephens denies any indebtedness.

Apparently, the Postal Service is holding Mr. Stephens responsible for all the losses suffered by the 36th Street Facility during the period of his employ. Mr. Stephens has never been given notice of the specific charges against him or an opportunity to challenge them.

Assuming that the Postal Service can offset amounts due it from are employee, the method used here violates the Due Process Clause of the United States Constitution. Mr. Stephens should have been given notice of the specific charges against him and an opportunity to contest them prior to the offset.

Pursuant to FPM Sup 831-1, S19-S we request that you annul the offset action taken by the Postal Service and remand the matter for a hearing. If we receive no word from you within 10 days we will assume that a resort to the courts will be necessary.

Very truly yours,

Elaine C. Buck

Associate Appellate Counsel



LAW DEPARTMENT Washington, DC 20260

FEB 2 2 1973

Ms. Elaine C. Buck Associate Appellate Counsel The Legal Aid Society Civil Branch 1029 East 163rd Street Bronx, New York 10459

Dear Ms. Buck:

Your letter of November 6, 1972 to the Controller General of the United States, pertaining to Jesse B. Stephens, was forwarded to us by the General Accounting Office for answer. The delay in responding to your letter was due to difficulty in locating Mr. Stephens' records.

Postal Service files show that in December 1969 or January 1970 Mr. Stephens' attorney, Edward V. Morand, reviewed the claims for losses of registered mail which have been attributed to Mr. Stephens. Such a review legally sufficed to apprise Mr. Stephens fully of the specific evidence used to ascertain the amount of the set off against his retirement fund. Moreover, in his letter of May 24, 1972, to Ms. Anita F. Barrett of your office, Chief Inspector Cotter, Assistant Postmaster General - Inspection Service, explained that the evidence was evaluated in light of the standards set forth in Boerner v. United States, 30 F. Supp 635 (E.D. N.Y., 1939), aff'd, 117 F. 2d 387 (2d Cir. 1941), cert. denied, 317 U.S. 587. We note that the rationale of Boerner was recently applied by the Fourth Circuit in Elmore v. United States, 465 F. 2d 1231 (4th Cir. 1972).

In all of the circumstances of this matter, it is our view that Mr. Stephens has been given ample notice of the legal and factual basis for the set off against his pay and retirement funds. To date, Mr. Stephens has presented nothing to show that the set off was improper in any way.

He has not controverted any material fact relied on by the Postal Service. Nor has he suggested that the Boerner standards do not cover this matter or that they have been misapplied.

If you submit a presentation as counsel for Mr. Stephens pursuant to applicable legal principles, we shall give it most serious consideration.

Very, truly yours

Harvey Letter Assistant General Counsel Labor Law Division

OPINION AND FINDINGS OF THE DISTRICT COURT

THE COURT: I am going to tell you right now I am finding in favor of the government. I have analyzed the evidence as we went along. I made a chart as we went along. I will find in favor of the government. Let me put my findings very briefly on the record.

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This is an action which has been tried by the court without a jury and the following are my findings of fact and conclusions of law:

Although the action originally had certain other

SOUTHERN DI TRICT COURT REPORTERS, U.S. COURTHOUSE FOLEY SQUARE, NEW YORK, N.Y. - 791-1020

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claims, by the time of the trial which has just been held the claims of the parties boil down to the following:

Plaintiff, a former employee of the former Post Off
Department and what became the postal service in April 13,
1971, is claiming in this action certain amounts allegedly
due him from the government by way of compensation.

Because of a problem involving mail theft, the plaintiff was suspended from his employment in the Post Office Department in March, 1969, and was later finally terminated.

The evidence shows that the government would owe the plaintiff the following sums but for the counterclaim of the government, which I will mention shortly.

The government would owe plaintiff a lump sum amount on retirement and disability of \$6,838.83. The government would owe the plaintiff salary of \$240. The government would owe the plaintiff unused annual leave amounting to \$454.17. The total of these amounts is \$7,533.

Certain additional amounts of unused annual leave and an amount of bonus are claimed by plaintiff, but there is no evidence to support such additional claims.

In addition, plaintiff claims to be entitled to an annuity in lieu of the lump sum retirement of \$6,838.83. For reasons discussed a few minutes ago with counsel, I reject.

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the claim that plaintiff is entitled to an annuity.

On November 7, 1971, the plaintiff filed an application for refund of retirement deductions and as a result of that application the Civil Service fund became indebted to the plaintiff for the lump sum. That lump sum has been seized by the postal service in satisfaction of certain amounts allegedly owed by the plaintiff to the postal service. In any event, I find that the indebtedness of the government to plaintiff is in the form of the lump sum payment rather than the annuity.

What plaintiff is seeking in this action is to have paid to him this unpaid indebtedness on the part of the government. At least, that is what is being sought as the issues are now tried, although, as I indicated, certain other issues were raised initially in the action, but have been dispensed with.

The government counterclaims, claiming that an amount greater than the \$7,533 was and is owed by the plaintiff to the government under the following circumstances:

The government contends that it was required to honor a substantial amount of claims of persons who had suffered losses of registered mail items and that as a result of those claims the government is entitled to recover against the person responsible for those losses. The government content

the claims paid.

that the plaintiff is responsible for those losses. It is conceded that if the government has sustained its burden of proof of the plaintiff's responsibility that the plaintiff is indeed indebted to the government for the amounts of

I hold that the government has proved sufficiently that the plaintiff was responsible for 11 instances of thefe of registered items, commencing January, 1966, and running through March, 1969, and that the plaintiff is indebted for the total amount paid by the government on such claims, namely, \$7,620.

The basis for my holding is as follows:

pursuant to a special investigation, the plaintiff was observed in the registration cage of the 36th Street postal station in New York City to have reached into registered mail pouches in a suspicious manner. Later two parcels were discovered to have been slit open. However, the contents of these parcels were apparently not taken out of the parcels.

Further observance was made of the plaintiff on March 22, 1969. In advance of this date a test parcel containing certain jewelry had been prepared. As a result of observations and seizure of materials on March 22, 1969,

it was discovered that plaintiff on that date reached into a registered mail pouch, slit open the test parcel, removed the jewelry from it and placed the jewelry inside Bermuda shorts which were underneath plaintiff's outer pants.

It appears that the plaintiff's razor type knife was found in the registry cage where he was observed to have placed it after usage.

It appears that this led to a renewed investigation of certain losses of registered mail items which had occurred over some period of time prior to the March, 1969, incident.

Incidentally, the plaintiff was arrested on March 22, 1969, and was subsequently convicted in this court after trial of mail embezzlement. He served a prison sentence for that crime. The conviction was sustained on appeal. The criminal case related solely to the test parcel. The present case relates not to the test parcel, but to a number of registered mail losses occurring prior to the incident involving the test parcel.

There is no direct evidence by way of observation or otherwise of plaintiff's connectionwith the losses which I am referring to. The evidence is entirely circumstantial. However, in my view it is sufficient to show at least by a preponderance of the evidence that plaintiff has responsiblity for the losses that I am referring to. I am

referring to 11 specific losses occurring from January, 1966, through early March, 1969. Each of these losses involved jewelry. In each case I find that the circumstantial evidence taken together, taken as a whole, shows that the losses occurred in the registry section of the 36th Street Post Office at times when plaintiff was employed in that registry section. I further find that the circumstantial evidence taken as a whole demonstrates that plaintiff was responsible for these losses and stole the jewelry which was found to be missing.

The dates of the losses are as follows: January 26 1966; June 6, 1967; December 2, 1967; June 25, 1968; September 25, 1968; November 27, 1968; a date which is approximately December 7th or 9th, 1968; another item or a second item involving the dates December 7th or 9th, 1968; a date which is about February 15th or 17th, 1969; and March 11, 1969.

No other employee at the 36th Street Station or particularly in the registry cage of that station has been shown to have any involvement with any of these losses and the is no reason to believe that any such other employee was involved in mail thefts at that location during this period. No other employee was observed to be conducting the type of activity which plaintiff was found to be

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conducting on March 22, 1969. After plaintiff's arrest on March 22, 1969, and his removal from that employment, this type of loss ceased.

The government is entitled to judgment on its counterclaim in the amount of \$7,620 plus costs. It is entitled to judgment against plaintiff in that amount.

Since this judgment on the counterclaim more than covers what plaintiff is entitled to or would be entitled to on his claim, namely, \$7,533, the plaintiff is entitled to no recovery in this action.

Let me ask you, as far as the government, the exact form of the judgment, I take it that the government considers that it has now recovered the \$7,533, right?

MR. WILSON: That's right, your Honor.

THE COURT: All right. So the net judgment, if we want to be accurate would be a judgment for the difference between the \$7,620 owed by the plaintiff to the government and the \$7,533 already used to be applied or credited against that amount, and that difference is \$87.

MR. WILSON: Right.

THE COURT: So the government is entitled to judgment dismissing the claim here of the plaintiff and is entitled to a net judgment here of \$87 plus costs of the action.

UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT SOUTHERN DISTRICT OF NEW YORK

73 CIV. 1559 TPG

JESSE B. STEPHENS, on behalf of himself and all other persons similarly situated,

Plaintiffs,

- against -

JUDGMENT

UNITED STATES OF AMERICA;
UNITED STATES POSTAL SERVICE;
E. THEODORE KLASSEN, in his capacity
as Postmaster General of the United
States;
UNITED STATES CIVIL SERVICE COMMISSION;
ROBERT E. HAMPTON, in his capacity as
Chairman of the United States Civil
Service Commission; and
ELMER B. STAATS, in his capacity as
Comptroller General of the United
States,

Defendants.

P. Griesa, District Judge, presiding, and the issues having been tried on January 6 and 7, 1976, and a decision having been rendered, and the court having found that the plaintiff is entitled to the sum of \$7,533.00 on his claim against the defendant United States Postal Service, and that the defendant United States Postal Service is entitled to the sum of \$7,620.00 on its counterclaim against the plaintiff, and that the net sum owing between such parties is \$87.00, from the plaintiff to the defendant, and this court expressly determines that there is no just reason for delay in entering a final judgment, and that a final judgment, in favor of

the defendants should be entered, it is

ORDERED AND ADJUDGED, that the judgment previously entered on January 22, 1976, is hereby vacated, and it is further United States Avenue.

ORDERED AND ADJUDGED, that the defendant, shall have judgment against the plaintiff in the sum of \$87.00, plus its costs to be taxed by the clerk of the court.

Dated: New York, New York

February 1, 1976

Mena 15

A/ Thomas P. Griesa
THOMAS P. GRIESA
United States District Judge

JUDGMENT ENTERED 3/16/26

14/204mond F. Burghardt

COPY RECEIVED

Bolert B. Ficke fr.
UNITED STATES ATTORNEY
8/9/26
Marian J. Bryant